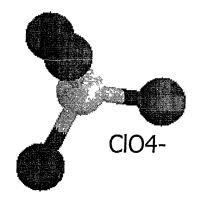


BIOREMEDIATION OF PERCHLORATE IN GROUNDWATER

Todd Webster, Ph.D.



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PROBLEM STATEMENT



Perchlorate (ClO₄-)

Use: Perchlorate salts have been used extensively in DoD

during last 5 decades as fuel oxidants in rockets.

Contamination: Fuel replacement, manufacture, storage, rocket testing, has led to

groundwater contamination in at least 14 states, including

CA, NV, UT, TX. Total scope of contamination unclear.

Toxicology: Perchlorate inhibits thyroid function and influences

metamorphosis. Effects of low level exposure are

uncertain. California action level is 18 ppb.

Characteristics: Anion, low volatility, high water solubility, chemically

stable, persistent in environment for years.

Remediation: Traditional ex situ technologies (e.g., air stripping, carbon

adsorption, filtration) are ineffective. Biological

remediation is considered the most promising approach.

Perchlorate Manufacturers/Users

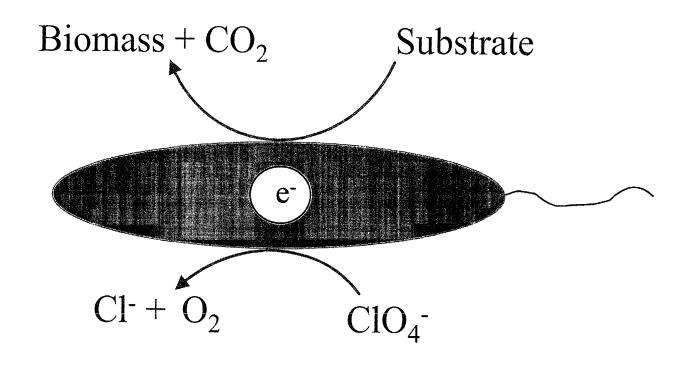


Figure 1-3. Locations of specific perchlorate manufacturers or users identified through responses to EPA Information Requests from current manufacturers (identifying shipments of at least 500 pounds in any year) and through investigations by state and local authorities (Mayer, 2001).

TECHNICAL BACKGROUND



Biological Perchlorate Reduction



BIOLOGICAL PERCHLORATE REDUCTION



• Terminal Electron Acceptor:

$$ClO_4^- \longrightarrow ClO_3^- \longrightarrow ClO_2^- \longrightarrow O_2^+ Cl^-$$
(perchlorate) (chlorate) (chlorite) H_2O

• Highly Favorable Reaction (kJ/mol acetate)

$$-\Delta G = 844 \quad (O_2 \longrightarrow H_2O)$$

$$-\Delta G = 801 \quad (ClO_4 \longrightarrow ClO_2)$$

$$-\Delta G = 792 \quad (NO_3 \longrightarrow N_2)$$

• Several Microbial Isolates Reported

Dechlorisoma JPLRND (Envirogen, 2000); Strain CBK (Bruce et al., 1999);

Strain perace1 (Herman et al., 1999)

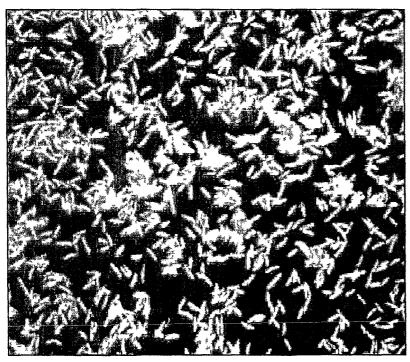
Strain GR-1 (Rikken et al., 1996);

Wolinella succinogenes HAP-1 (Wallace et al., 1996)

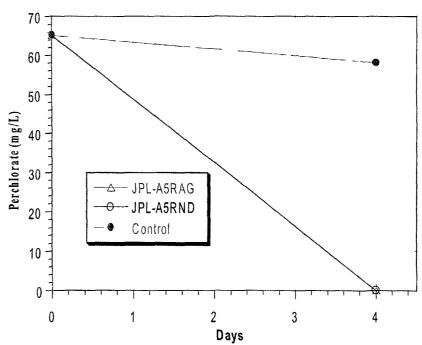
Ideonella dechloratans (Malvquist et al., 1994)

PURE CULTURE





Perchlorate Degradation by Two Pure Cultures Isolated from JPL Groundwater.



Dechlorisoma suilla JPL-A5RAG/JPL-A5RND

UTILIZATION OF ELECTRON ACCEPTORS



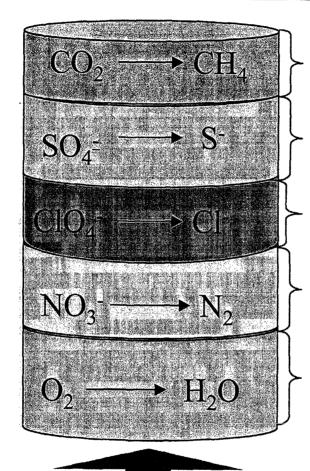
- 250

Redox (mV)

+800

+ Substrate

Groundwater



Methanogenesis

Sulfate Reduction

Perchlorate Reduction

Denitrification

Aerobic Respiration

TECHNICAL BACKGROUND



Biological Treatment

• Ex Situ Treatment

Fluidized Bed Reactor - Full Scale - (Envirogen/US Filter).

Suspended Growth Reactor - Full Scale - (USAF/ARA).

Fixed Film Reactor- Pilot Scale - (Penn State, UC Riverside).

• In Situ Treatment

Laboratory and Pilot Studies Show Promise for

In Situ Biostimulation (Envirogen/Geosyntec).

One Full-Scale System - McGregor NWIRP.

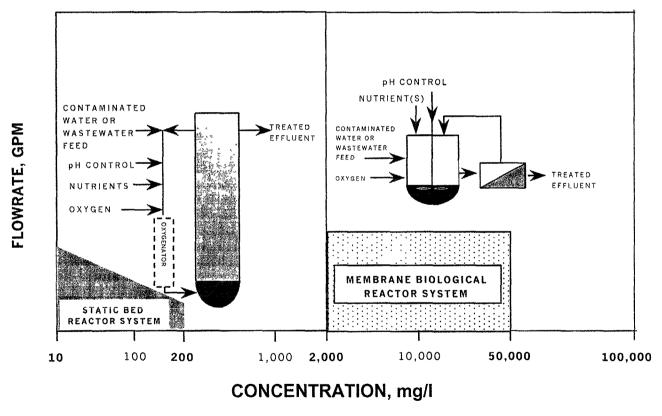
Trinan Head



EXSITUTREATMENT FLUIDIZED BED REACTOR

AEROJET LHAAP

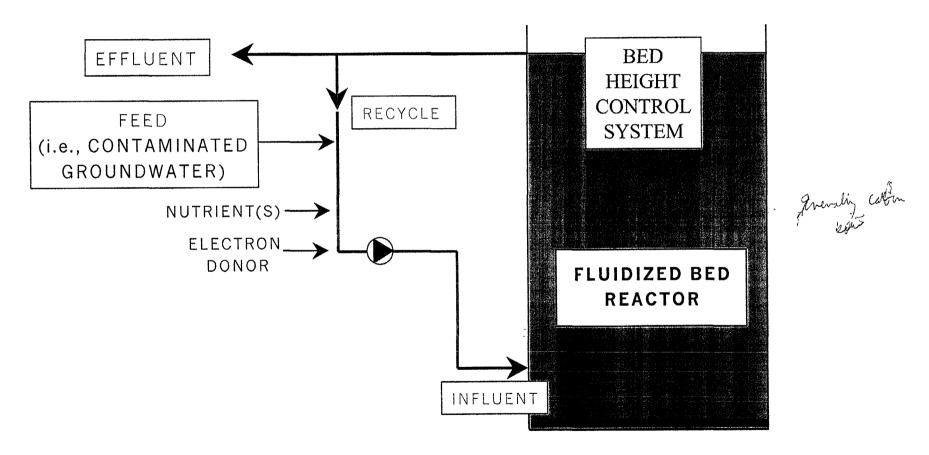
Bioreactor System Options for Treatment of Organic Chemicals







FBR Flow Schematic





USFilter

FBR Advantages

- High biomass concentration means long SRT and short HRT (2%) -35 m MIT
- High volumetric efficiency translates to compact system
- Simplicity of operation minimizes need for operator attention
- Small impact from changing feed conditions, as feed is combined with recycle before entering the reactor





Key Mechanical Components

- Device and method used to distribute influent flow to the reactor
- Device and method used to control the expansion of the fluidized bed due to biofilm growth
- Method to control electron donor dosage rate



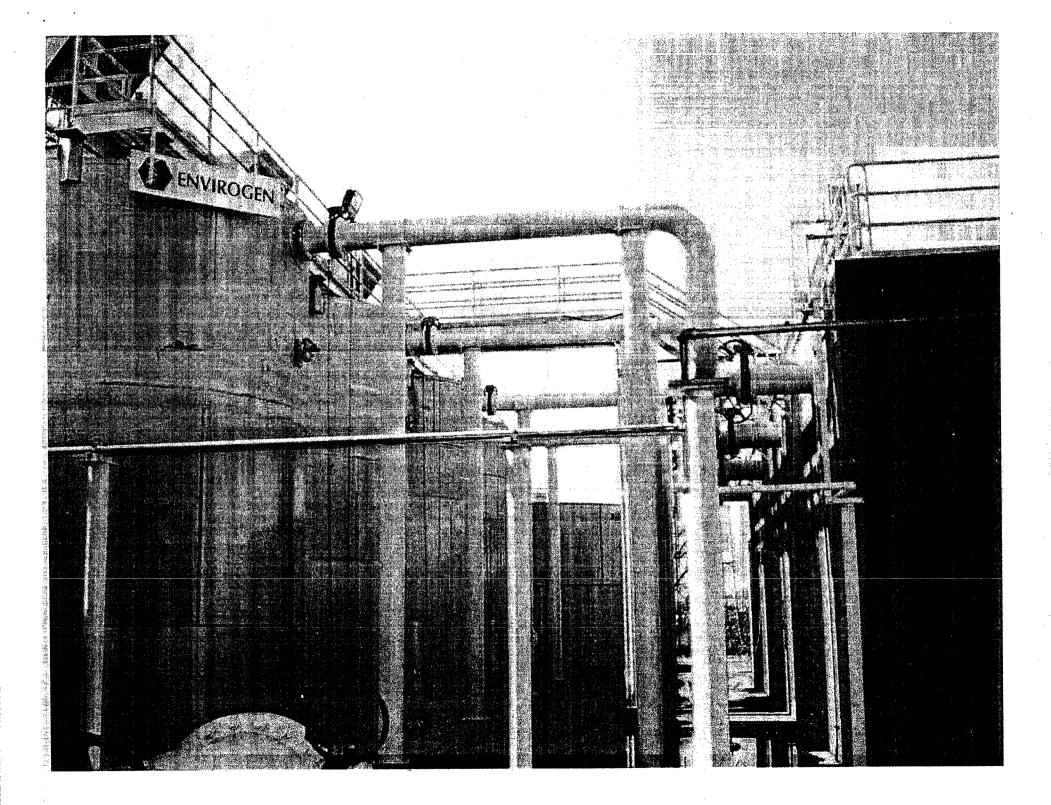


FULL-SCALE SYSTEM



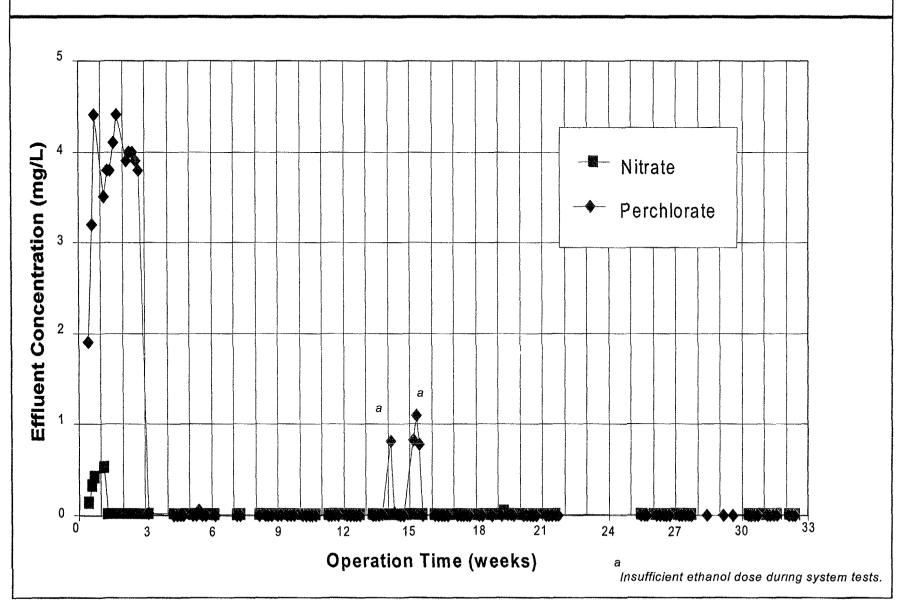
Aerojet Facility - Rancho Cordova California

- FBR SYSTEM
 - 4 6 mg/L perchlorate
 - -4,000 GPM flow rate
 - Four 14 ft diameter units
 - Ethanol as electron donor
 - GAC media



FULL-SCALE FBR PERFORMANCE

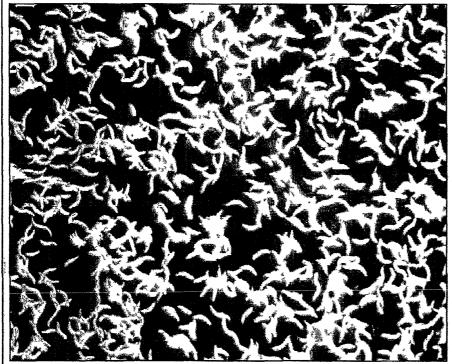




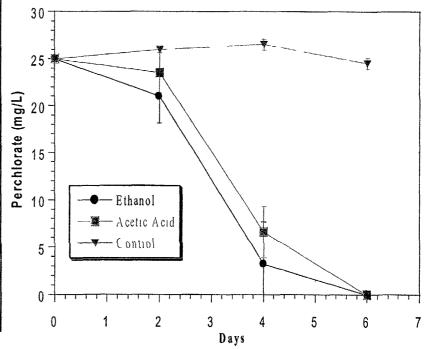
AEROJET REACTOR CULTURE



Dechlorospirillum sp. FBR2



Perchlorate Degradation by FBR-2 Enrichment Culture



FULL-SCALE SYSTEM



Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant -Karnack, Texas

FBR SYSTEM

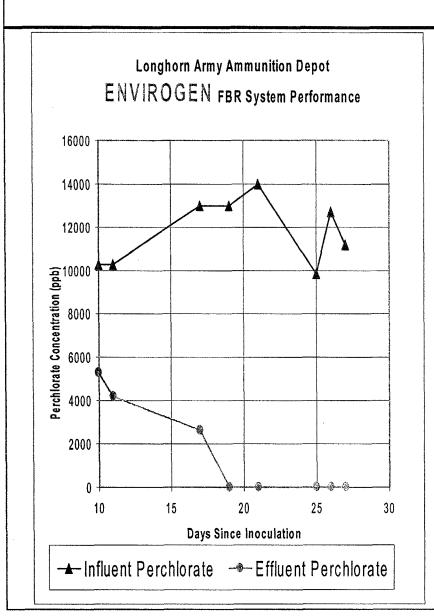
- -15 mg/L perchlorate
- -50 gpm flow rate
- -One 5 ft.diameter unit
- -Acetic acid
- -GAC media

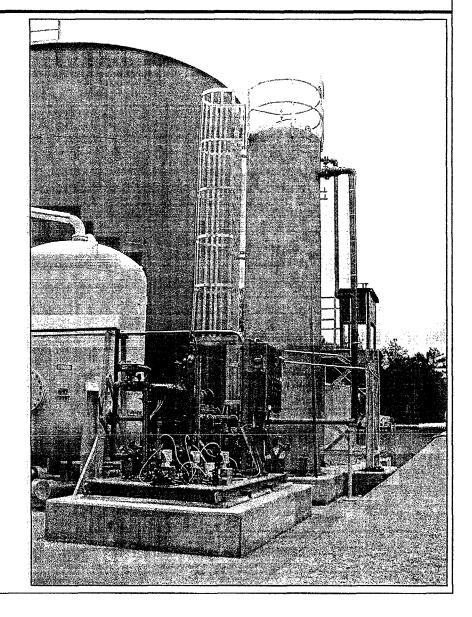




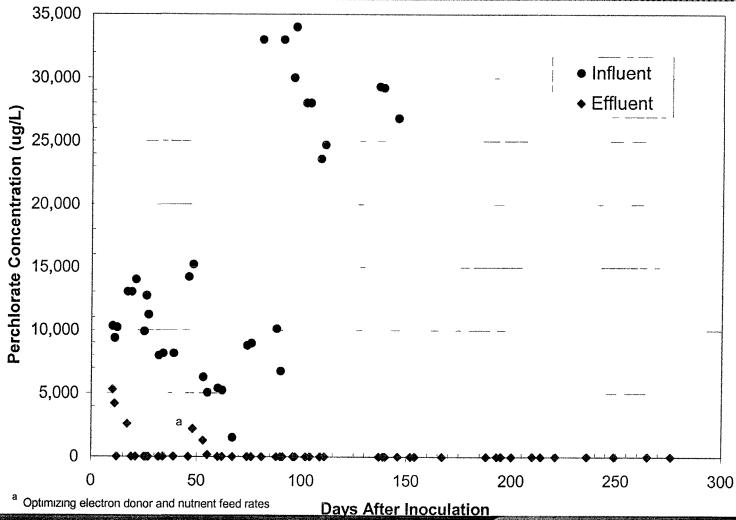
SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

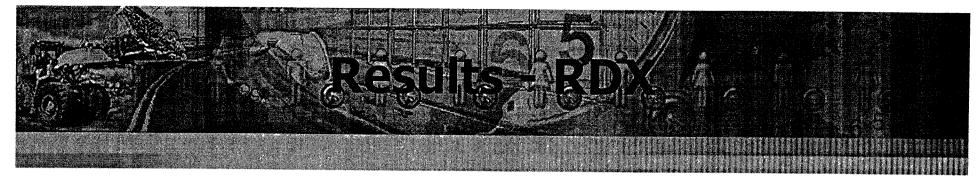




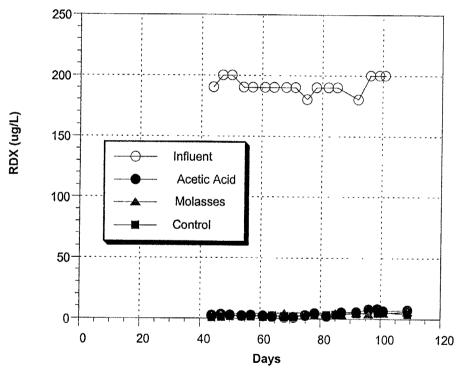


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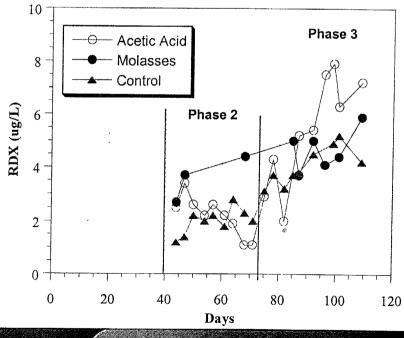




Influent and Effluent Levels of RDX in FBRs Receiving Acetic Acid, Molasses, or No Substrate



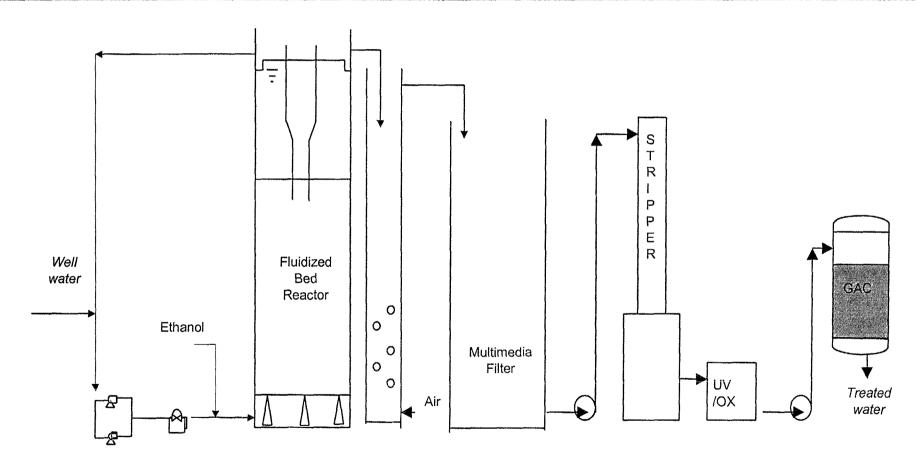
Close-Up of RDX Data





Phase 2									
	Average RDX Concentrations (ug/L)	Calculated Mass of RDX Removed from Water by FBR During Phase (ug)	Measured Mass of RDX In GAC at Beginning of Phase (ug)	Measured Mass of RDX In GAC at End of Phase (ug)	Mass of RDX Degraded During Phase (ug)	% of RDX Degraded During Phase (ug)			
FBR 1 Acetic Acid Effluent GW Feed	2 190	128,813	128,000	1,200	255,613	99.5			
FBR 2 Molasses Effluent GW Feed	4 193	129,548	264,000	236,000	157,548	40.0			
FBR 3 Control Effluent GW Feed	2 190	128,863	248,000	312,000	64,863	17.2			

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Cheneting & Maintenay Calculation of the Control of

_	Annual Cost			Cost Per Acre-Foot			
	<u>3600 gpm</u>	5000 gpm	6000 gpm	3600 gpm	<u>5000 gpm</u>	6000 gpm	
Additives	\$50,000	\$69,000	\$83,000	\$9	\$9	\$9	
Power	86,000	107,000	119,000	15	13	12	
Labor	90,000	90,000	90,000	15	11	9	
Sludge Disposal	75,000	109,000	131,000	13	14	14	
Other	50,000	70,000	80,000	0	0	0	
				9	9	8	
Total	\$351,000	\$445,000	\$503,000	\$61	\$56	\$52	

Notes:

- Based on data taken from 6/99 to 2/03
- Conc. of perchlorate 2 to 6 ppm
- Labor includes 3 part-time personnel
- Costs include all O&M associated with the FBR including solids filtration.



FBR Summary

- Biological Fluid Bed Reactors (FBRs) successfully treating more than \$\mathcal{B}\$.0 million gallons per day of groundwater containing perchlorate
- Consistent effluent perchlorate levels below current practical quantitation limits (4 μ g/L)
- Single FBR will treat from 50 to 2,000 gallons per minute
- No flow rate limits with multiple units
- Recent acceptance by CA DHS for use in drinking water product